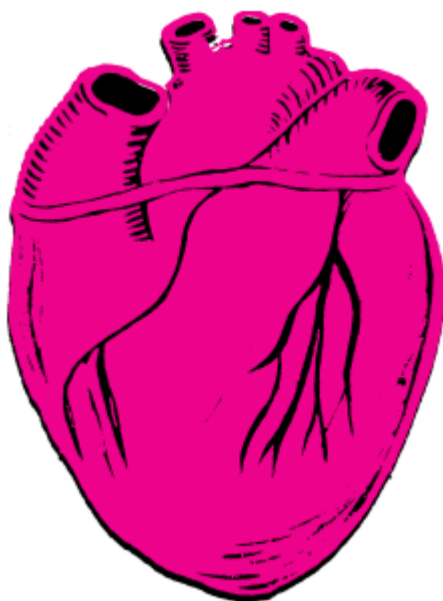


HEART TRANSPLANT

UKUHLANDELA KWENHLIZIYO



Leli pheshana leVangeli lahunyushwa ngekhompyutha. Uma ungakwazi ukulungisa noma ukuthuthukisa ulimi, sicela uthinte ihhovisi ku-
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Uma noma yisiphi isitho emzimbeni wethu sidinga impilo nokusebenza kahle, kufanele kube inhliziyo. Inhliziyo iyisitho esenza umsebenzi omningi. Kufana nebhomu lesenzo esikabili. Okokuqala, ijikeleza igazi emzimbeni wonke bese ithumela i-vitalizer ngezinso ukuze ihlanzwe. Ukuthi Igazi kusho ukuPhila (Levitikusi 17:11) futhi lapho inhliziyo ingasebenzi kahle, ukujikeleza kwegazi kuyaphazamiseka, futhi ekugcineni, ukufa kuyafika.

Lo mshini othakazelisa kakhulu ungangenqindi kuphela futhi unesisindo esingamagremu angu-500 kumuntu omdala. Lesi sitho esimangalisayo esinemisipha, sihlukaniswe saba

izingxenye ezine, zonke lezi zisongwe ngolwelwesi olubizwa ngokuthi i-pericardium. Lo mshini omuhle ngokuvamile ushaya izikhathi ezingaba ngu-70 ngomzuzu futhi lokho kusho izikhathi ezingu-4,200 ngehora. Ngosuku kungaba amabhithi angu-100,800, futhi ngonyaka izonikeza ingqikithi yamabhithi angu-36,792,000. Futhi uma lokhu sikusebenzisa kumuntu oseneminyaka engu-70 ubudala, kufana nokuthi inhliziyo yakhe isishaye izikhathi ezingu-2 575 440 000.

Umthamo wegazi inhliziyo evamile okufanele ilimpompe ngonyaka ungamalitha angu-2,457,000. Lelo gazi elanele ukugcwalisa amathangi Amaloli angaphezu kuka-245, ngalinye linomthamo wamalitha angu-10 000 lilinye.

Futhi ibala umfutho okhiqizwa inhliziyo emahoreni angu-12 okuhlinzwa, ngaleyo ngcindezi, ingase iphakamise umthwalo olingana nesisindo samathani angu-65 cishe amasentimitha angu-30 ukusuka phansi. Olunye uphenyo lwezokwelapha olumangalisayo nolumangalisayo ekusebenzeni kahle kwenhliziyo yomuntu kanye nokujikeleza kwegazi emithanjeni, imithambo yegazi nama-capillaries omzimba womuntu, luhlanganisa umzila wamakhilomitha angu-22,224. Ukuguqula lokhu kube ibanga lendawo, sizoba nohambo lwasolwandle sisuka eNew York e-United States siya e-Hong Kong ogwini lwase-China sidlula e-Panama Canal. Yeka ukuthi inhliziyo iyisitho esithembekile kanjani!

Inhliziyo isebenza ngokungaphazamiseki nsuku zonke kungakhathaliseki izinsuku zokusebenza namaholide; ungalokothi ucele ikhefu, noma iholidi, akafuni ngisho nomhlalaphansi noma izinzuzo zomphakathi. Isebenza ngokwethembeka ngisho nalapho umnikazi wayo elele ngokuthula noma ezitika ngokuzikhandla.

Yiqiniso, lesi sitho sizosebenza ngokusebenza kahle kakhulu futhi sizogcinwa sisesimweni esiphelele, lapho

singahlukunyezwa ngokuphazanyiswa okulimazayo, njengokuthi: inzondo, ubudlova, umona, umhawu ojulile, izinkanuko, ukudabuka okucindezelayo, imikhuba emibi ye-narcotic, njengotshwala, i-opium, i-heroin, i-morphine, i-cocaine, ne-nicotine.

Kuyamangaza ukwazi ukuthi sincike kangakanani kuNhliziyo! Uma silahlekelwa iso elilodwa, sizobe sisazobona elinye. Indlebe engezwayo ayisivimbeli ukuthi sizwe ngenye. Umlenze olimele ungaqeqeshelwa amathambo. Abantu abaningi bayakwazi ukwenza imisebenzi emikhulu ngengalo eyodwa nesandla esisodwa; kodwa sinenhliziyoy eyodwa kuphela! Nakuba iSayensi ezikhathini zamuva nje isisimangazile ngentuthuko emangalisayo ye-Cardiological, ake sicaphune indaba kaDkt. C. Barnard, waseNingizimu Afrika, okwazile ukwenza **ukufakelwa kwenhliziyo yomuntu** yokuqala kwaba nemiphumela emihle. Yeka isibusiso okuyiso kubantu abaningi abazalwa benezinhliziyoy ezinesici! Manje kuzophinde kube nethemba kulabo abazalwa benezinkinga zenhliziyo, abathintekayo yi-rheumatic fever, i-arteriosclerosis, i-arterial hypertension, isifo sikashukela, i-syphilis, umdlavuza, njll. Babona ukukhanya okusha kwethemba kuzalwa kabusha ukuze baphile isikhathi eside futhi kangcono, nokho ukubaluleka kanye nendawo yenhliziyoy yemvelo kuyinto engenakubalwa futhi iyigugu elingenakushintshwa.

Injabulo yomuntu ewumsuka, nokho, ayinakufinyelelwa kuphela, ngokuba nenhliziyo enempilo engokomzimba. Kubantu, iminyaka emhlabeni mincane, futhi lena igcwele izinkinga nobunzima. Namuhla akungabazeki ukuthi kukhona ezinye izindinganiso empilweni yomuntu, ngaphezu kweMpilo Ephелеle, Enikela ekuzuzweni kwempilo esobala nejabulisayo. Iqiniso elingephikwe elibhekiswe "kubantu" yilo: ukuthi Impilo Yomzimba ixhumene ngqo Nobuchopho, futhi ukusuka lapho kuphuma amagagasi

emibono, imizwelo, uthando nemizwa evezwa ngeNhliziyo kanye nesimiso sezinzwana, ngomzimba wonke.

USolomoni ohlakaniphile uthi encwadini yakhe yezAga: "Phezu kwakho konke okulondwayo, gcina inhliziyo yakho, ngokuba yiyona ephilisayo. (IzAga 4:23).

Ukugondisa kwenhliziyo kwandulela engqondweni. Kuningi esikuzwa nsuku zonke ngomuntu onenhliziyo yegolide, onenhliziyo ehloniphekile, noma umuntu onenhliziyo yetshe noma onenhliziyo enonya. Kunabantu abangaqapheli nokuthi banenhliziyo, ngoba yonke imicabango yabo isobala. Namuhla, kusenabantu abasebasha asebedangele. Kuzo zonke lezi zimo, ngisho nasemahoreni anzima okuphila, kufanele sizijwayeze ububele, ngokusemandleni ethu kubo bonke abantu, ngisho nalabo abangenangqondo.

Ngokokuhlonza Kwaphezulu, inhliziyo yomuntu ihlupheka kakhulu ngokomoya nangokokuziphatha kunangokwenyama. Futhi yisimo esingokomzwelo esicindezelayo ngempela esibangela ukugula okungokomzimba futhi sithinte inhliziyo. Ngalesi sizathu, odokotela abahlinzayo abaningi abanekhono bahambisana nomsebenzi wabo osebenza kahle ngokusetshenziswa kwe-Psychotherapy kanye ne-Psychopathology. Okuhlangenwe nakho kubonise ukuthi abantu abacindezelekile abaphenduli nhlobo ekwelapheni kwengqondo yomtholampilo ngokuvamile noma ukungenelela kokuhlinzwa. Inhliziyo yomuntu kukhulunywa ngayo okokuqala emiBhalweni Engcwele (IBhayibheli Elingcwele), lapho uNkulunkulu egomela okulandelayo: "Futhi yonke imicabango yemicabango yenhhliziyo yakhe yayiyimibi yodwa njalo. (Genesise 6:56)

Emakhulwini amaningi kamuva, umprofethi kaNkulunkulu okuthiwa uJeremiya oqinisekisa: "Inhliziyo ikhohlisa ngaphezu kwazo zonke izinto futhi mubi, ngubani

uyakukwazi na? Mina **Nkosi** uhlola inhliziyo, ukuvuza indoda ngokuvumelana nokuziphatha kwakhe, ngokwalokho izenzo zakhe bafanelwe ." (Funda uJeremiya 17:9-10.) Sekudlule amakhulu eminyaka kakade, kusukela iNdodana kaNkulunkulu, iNkosi uJesu Kristu, yashumayela: "Kepha okuphuma emlonyeni kuphuma enhliziyweni, futhi lokho kungcolisa umuntu, ngokuba kuphuma imicabango emibi, nokubulala, nemicabango emibi kwenhliziyo, ukuphinga, ubufebe, ukweba, ukufakaza amanga, ukuhlambalaza."— Mathewu 15:18-19 . Ingabe kuwukuthi kusukela ngalezo zikhathi zikaKristu, izinto ziye zaba ngcono emhlabeni? Cha! Nakanjani Cha! Isintu sisahlushwa ububi obufanayo, njengoba izinhliziyi zabo ziqhubeka nokonakala zibheke ebubini.

Ukungotshwa kwesayensi kuyancomeka. Odokotela benhliziyo emazweni amaningana manje sebehlinza inhliziyo, kanti abanye basebenza ngempumelelo. Kodwa kwakunguMdali waphezulu owathembisa ukufakelwa inhliziyo eminyakeni engaphezu kwengu-3 000 edlule ngokumemezela: "Ngiyakuninika **inhliziyi entsha** , ngifake phakathi kwenu umoya omusha, ngikhiphe inhliziyo yetshe emzimbeni wenu, ngininike **inhliziyi entsha**. inhliziyo yenyama."— Hezekeli 36:26 .

Siyobe senza kahle ngokunaka ukunikezwa kukaNkulunkulu okusasebenza, uMoya kanye noMlobokazi bathi: Woza, futhi lowo owomileyo makeze futhi noma ubani ofuna ukuthatha amanzi okuphila ngesihle. (IsAmbulo 22:17) Ukungenelela ngokuhlinzwa ochwepheshe bezifo eziphilayo, ezimweni eziningi, kungandisa impilo yomuntu; Nokho, ukuphila okunjalo ngeke kuyeke ukuba kufushane nokulinganiselwe, kuphele ngolunye usuku ngokungenakugwenywa ngokufa.

Uma isayensi yenza imizamo enjalo yokwelula ukuphila komuntu, kufanele sibambisise kangakanani-ke isithembiso saphezulu sikaJesu Kristu, sazi ukuthi: "Kumelwe ukuba

sonke sivele phambi kweNkantolo kaKristu, munye owamukela ngokuvumelana lokho akwenzile ngenkathi esemhlabeni, kungaba okuhle noma okubi? Ukwazi ukuthi uma umuntu ekuKristu, uyisidalwa esisha; okwakuqala kudlulile, bheka, bonke baye baba omusha ". (2 (Funda kwabaseKorinte 5:10, 17.)

Uma unembeza wakho ukusola ngokuthi "inhliziyo yakho ayilungile phambi kukaNkulunkulu" (IzEnzo 8:21), buza-ke kanye nomhubi uDavide: "Dala kimi, Nkulunkulu, inhliziyo ehlanzekileyo, uvuse phakathi kwami uMoya olungileyo; (IHubo 51:10). Yazi ukuthi uma wenza lokhu, kunesiqinisekiso esiyi-100% esivela kuNkulunkulu, esithembisa ukuphulukiswa Ekuguleni okungokomoya kwenhliziyo yakho. Ngoba uNkulunkulu uthembisile futhi ufuna ukukunika inhliziyo entsha nokuphila okuphakade!

Uma uthole insindiso kuKristu, noma uye wabusiswa ngenye indlela ngezincwadi zethu zamaVangeli, sicela usazise. Sithanda ukubonga uNkulunkulu kanye nani, futhi sinikhumbule ngokuqhubekayo emithandazweni yethu. Ukuze uthole izincwadi zeVangeli zamahhala, izincwadi namapheshana ngezilimi ezingaphezu kuka-540, sicela usithinte:

INHLIZIYO YOMUNTU



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